

Christiana Care Pediatric Associates ADHD Parent Packet

- Read the accompanying information provided in the Parent Packet.
- Complete and sign the enclosed Parent Evaluation and HIPAA Consent Form.
- Mail completed Parent Evaluation and HIPAA Consent Form to our office in the enclosed envelope.

CHRISTIANA CARE PEDIATRIC ASSOCIATES

MEDICAL ARTS PAVILION 2, SUITE 1116 4735 OGLETOWN-STANTON ROAD NEWARK, DELAWARE 19713 302-368-8612

Does My Child Have ADHD?

Many parents worry about this question. The answer comes from children, families, teachers, and doctors working together as a team. Watching your child's behavior at home and in the community is very important to help answer this question. Your doctor will ask you to fill out a rating scale about your child. Watching your child's behavior and talking with other adults in the child's life will be important for filling out the forms.

Here are a few tips about what you can do to help answer the question:

- > Watch your child closely during activities where he or she should pay attention.
 - Doing homework
 - Doing chores
 - During storytelling or reading
- Watch your child when you expect him or her to sit for a while or think before acting.
 - Sitting through family meal
 - During a religious service
 - Crossing the street
 - Being frustrated
 - With brothers or sisters
 - While you are on the phone
- > Pay attention to how the environment affects your child's behavior. Make changes at home to improve your child's behavior.
 - Ensure that your child understands what is expected. Speak slowly to your child. Have your child repeat the instructions.
 - Turn off the TV or computer during meals and homework. Also, close the curtains if it will help your child pay attention to what he or she needs to be doing.
 - Provide structure to home life, such as regular mealtimes and bedtime. Write down the schedule and put it where the entire family can see it. Stick to the schedule.
 - Provide your child with planned breaks during long assignments.
 - Give rewards for paying attention and sitting, not just for getting things right and finishing. Some rewards might be: dessert for sitting through meals, outdoor play for finishing homework, and praise for talking through problems.
 - Try to find out what things set off problem behaviors. See if you can eliminate the triggers.

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Does My Child Have ADHD?

➤ If your child spends time in 2 households, compare observations.

- Consult your child's other parent about behavior in the home. Cooperation between parents in this area really helps the child.
- If the child behaves differently, consider difference in the environment that may explain the difference in behavior. Differences are common and not a mark of good or bad parenting.

> Talk to your child's teacher.

- Learn about your child's behavior at school. Talk about how your child does during academic lessons and during play with other children.
- Compare your child's behavior in subjects he or she like and those in which he or she has trouble with the work.
- Determine how the environment at school affects your child's behavior. When does your child perform well? What events trigger problem behaviors?
- Consider with the teacher whether your child's learning abilities should be evaluated at school. If he or she has poor grades in all subjects or in just a few subjects or requires extra time and effort to learn material, then a learning evaluation may be valuable.

> Gather impressions from other adult caregivers who know your child well.

- Scout leaders or religious instructors who see your child during structured activities and during play with other children.
- Relatives or neighbors who spend time with your child.
- Determine how other environments affect your child's behavior. When does your child perform well? What events trigger problem behaviors?

Make an appointment to see your child's doctor.

- Let the receptionist know you are concerned that your child might have ADHD.
- If possible, arrange a visit when both parents can attend.



Christiana Care Pediatric Associates 4735 Ogletown-Stanton Road Medical Arts Pavilion 2, Suite 1116 Newark, DE 19713

Neal Cohn, MD Barbara Light, DO Melissa Pe, DO Tamara McGillin, CPNP, IBCLC Victoria Levin, MD Ann Masciantonio, MD, MS Jennifer Moncure, CPNP, IBCLC Jenny Calhoun, CPNP

Parental Release of Information Form

I understand that I have the right to request that Pediatric	: Associates, P.A. restrict how it uses
or discloses my child's protected healthcare information to	carry out treatment, payment, and
healthcare operations.	
By signing this form, I am consenting to allow	
(Child's Teacher) to disclose my child's protected healthcare and healthcare operations.	e information to carry out treatment
With my consent, the above named teacher may disclose pro	otected health information about my
child, necessary to complete:	
 NICHQ Vanderbilt Teacher Assessment S 	Scale
2	
3	
4	
I may revoke my consent in writing except to the extent	
disclosures in reliance upon my prior consent.	
Child's Name	Date
Signature of Patient or Legal Guardian	

CLINICIAN TOOLS







Child's name:	Parent's na	me:			
Date: DOB	:			Age:	
Directions: Each rating should be considered in the context of what is appropriate for the age of your child. When completing this form, please think about your child's behaviors in the past 6 months. This evaluation is based on a time when your child: □ Was on medication □ Was not on medication □ Not sure					
Behavior	Never (0)	Occasionally (1)	Often (2)	Very Often (3)	
Does not pay attention to details or makes mistakes that seem careless with, for example, homework					
2. Has difficulty keeping attention on what needs to be done					
3. Does not seem to listen when spoken to directly					
Does not follow through on instructions and does not finish activities (not because of refusal or lack of comprehension)					
5. Has difficulty organizing tasks and activities					
Avoids, dislikes, or does not want to start tasks that require ongoing mental effort					
7. Loses things necessary for tasks or activities (eg, toys, assignments, pencils, books)					
8. Is easily distracted by noises or other stimuli					For Office Use Only
9. Is forgetful in daily activities					2s & 3s <u>0</u> /9
10. Fidgets with or taps hands or feet or squirms in seat					
11. Leaves seat when remaining seated is expected					
12. Runs about or climbs too much when remaining seated is expected					
13. Has difficulty playing or beginning quiet play games					
14. Is on the go or often acts as if "driven by a motor"					
15. Talks too much					
16. Blurts out answers before questions have been completed					
17. Has difficulty waiting his or her turn					For Office
18. Interrupts or intrudes into others' conversations or activities or both					Use Only 2s & 3s _0_ /9

Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: ADHD Toolkit Parent-Informant Form



Child's name:		Today's date:			
Behavior	Never (0)	Occasionally (1)	Often (2)	Very Often (3)	
19. Loses temper					
20. Is touchy or easily annoyed					
21. Is angry or resentful					
22. Argues with authority figures or adults					
23. Actively defies or refuses to adhere to requests or rules					
24. Deliberately annoys people					
25. Blames others for his or her mistakes or misbehaviors					For Office
26. Is spiteful and wants to get even					Use Only 2s & 3s <u>0</u> /8
27. Bullies, threatens, or intimidates others					
28. Starts physical fights					
29. Has used a weapon that can cause serious harm (eg, bat, knife, brick, gun)					
30. Has been physically cruel to people					
31. Has been physically cruel to animals					
32. Has stolen while confronting the person					
33. Has forced someone into sexual activity					
34. Has deliberately set fires to cause damage					
35. Deliberately destroys others' property					
36. Has broken into someone else's home, business, or car					
37. Lies to get out of trouble, to obtain goods or favors, or to avoid obligations (ie, cons others)					
38. Has stolen items of value					
39. Has stayed out at night without permission beginning before age 13					
40. Has run away from home twice or once for an extended period					For Office Use Only
41. Is often truant from school (skips school)					2s & 3s <u>0</u> /15
42. Is fearful, anxious, or worried					
43. Is afraid to try new things for fear of making mistakes					
44. Feels worthless or inferior					
45. Blames self for problems or feels guilty					
46. Feels lonely, unwanted, or unloved; often says that no one loves him or her					
47. Is sad, unhappy, or depressed					For Office Use Only
48. Is self-conscious or easily embarrassed					2s & 3s <u>0</u> /7

Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: ADHD Toolkit Parent-Informant Form



Child's name:	ame: Today's date:					
Academic and Social Performance	Excellent (1)	Above Average (2)	Average (3)	Somewhat of a Problem (4)	Problematic (5)	
49. Overall school performance						
50. Reading						
51. Writing						
52. Mathematics						
53. Relationship with parents						For Office
54. Relationship with siblings						Use Only 4s0_ /8
55. Relationship with peers						For Office
56. Participation in organized activities (eg, teams)						Use Only 5s 0 /8
Tic behaviors: To the best of your knowledge, please indicate if your child displays the following behaviors: 1. Motor tics: Rapid, repetitive movements such as eye blinking, grimacing, nose twitching, head jerks, shoulder shrugs, arm jerks, body jerks, and rapid kicks. □ No tics present.						
\square Yes, they occur nearly every day but go unnoticed by most people.						
☐ Yes, noticeable tics occur nearly every day.						
 Phonic (vocal) tics: Repetitive noises including, but not limited to, throat clearing, coughing, whistling, sniffing, snorting, screeching, barking, grunting, and repetition of words or short phrases. 						
□ No tics present.						
$\ \square$ Yes, they occur nearly every day but	☐ Yes, they occur nearly every day but go unnoticed by most people.					
☐ Yes, noticeable tics occur nearly eve	☐ Yes, noticeable tics occur nearly every day.					
3. If YES to 1 or 2, do these tics interfere ☐ No ☐ Yes	with your chil	d's activities (eg, r	reading, writir	ng, walking, tal	lking, eating)?	

Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: ADHD Toolkit Parent-Informant Form



Ch	hild's name:	Today's date:
Pr	revious diagnosis and treatment: Please answer the following questions to the best of your	knowledge:
1.	Has your child been diagnosed as having ADHD or ADD?□ No □ Yes	
2.	. Is he or she on medication for ADHD or ADD? □ No □ Yes	
3.	 Has your child been diagnosed as having a tic disorder or Tourette syndrome? □ No □ Yes 	
4.	Is he or she on medication for a tic disorder or Tourette disorder?□ No □ Yes	
Ad	dapted from the Vanderbilt rating scales developed by Mark L. Wolraich, MD.	

For Office Use Only	
Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 1–9:	0
Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 10–18:	0
Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 19–26:	0
Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 27–41:	0
Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 42–48:	0
Total number of questions scored 4 in questions 49–56:	0
Total number of questions scored 5 in questions 49–56:	0

The recommendations in this resource do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate. Original resource included as part of Caring for Children With ADHD: A Practical Resource Toolkit for Clinicians, 3rd Edition.

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